升學、自修、全民英檢必備叢書

【數位學習版】

內附CD-ROM 具雙重功能: 1.電腦互動光碟 2.全文朗讀 MP3

狄克生片語

彙整 30 大類最重要片語 拆解式解説,深入理解 從短文中學習片語活用實例 活用句型公式,從此不再用錯片語

eat (吃) + in (在家) = 在家吃

bring (帶來) + up (上升) = 拉拔長大

dress (穿衣) + up (徹底) = 盛裝打扮

according(根據)+to(針對)=根據;遵照

come (成為) + true (真的) = 成真;實現

no (沒有任何) + wonder (驚訝) = 不足為奇

hear (聽) + of (關於) = 聽到關於 ······

cover (掩護) + for (為) = 為·····掩護

more (較多) + or (或) + less (較少) = 或多或少;差不多

play(表演) + up(有勁地) + to(向) = 討好某人

Reaction

Situations

Irips

Order

Advice



Lesson 3

居家生活 Family Life

Track 3

On weekends I usually stay in. Sometimes a friend or two will stop by. It can get lonely, but you get used to it after a while.

It's not my mother's fault. She brought me up⁴ to obey the rules and I broke them.

My parents don't ask me to do much around the house, but one time they called on⁵ me to clean out⁶ the hall closet and put away⁷ all my clothes.

Well, that morning I didn't get up⁸ until nearly eleven o'clock and I wanted to see off⁹ my best friend who was going to Europe for three weeks on vacation.

By the time I did my hair and made my face up, 10 I didn't have time to clean out the closet or put my things away. I left the house without doing anything they had asked me to do.

I guess I have to agree with them. I should be grounded for a month.



① stay in/out 待在家/待外面

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stay(停留) + in(在家) = 待在家
stay(停留) + out(在外面) = 待外面
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- 解說 in 和 out 在此皆為副詞,用來表明所在的位置是家裡或外面,其後不必加受詞。
- I plan to stay in this weekend and read some good books.
 我這週末打算待在家裡讀些好書。
 - My mom won't let me stay out late.
 我媽不會讓我在外頭待太晚。
- stay home 待在家

② stop by 稍事停留;順道拜訪

- stop by 是指經過某地「稍事停留」或「順道拜訪」某人,亦可說成 stop in/off/over。
- If you're in the neighborhood, please stop by and say hello.
 如果你到附近來,請順道過來打聲招呼。
- drop by、come around/over「順道拜訪;過來坐坐」

3 get used to 逐漸適應或習慣

get (達到 ····· 狀態) + used to (習慣於) = 適應;習慣於

- 這裡的 get 可用 become 代替・get/become used to 是 指對「……逐漸適應或習慣」。
- Stress is a fact of life, so you'd better get used to it.
 生活中難免會有壓力,你最好能習慣。
- 以下這幾個和 used 相關的用語,在意思上必須加以區別:
 - 1. used to 以前經常;過去習慣
 - 2. be used to 已習慣 ······
 - 3. get/become used to 逐漸適應或習慣

4 bring up 撫養長大

bring (帶來) + up (上升) = 拉拔長大

- 解說 bring up 比其相似詞 raise 還要來得傳神,因為大家都是從小由 父母辛苦「拉拔長大」。
- Mike worked hard to bring up his three children.
 麥克辛苦工作養育三個孩子。
- 🛅 bring up (亦有「提出(問題、議題)」之意。)
 - Jim always brings up old issues when he argues with his girlfriend.

可分開片語

吉姆和女友吵架時老愛翻舊帳。

6 call on 請求;要求

call (呼叫) + on (針對) = 請求;要求

- 常以「call on + 人 + for + 事物」、「call on + 人 + to do 」句型表示「要求某人做某事」。
- He called on his friends for help.
 - = He called on his friends to help. 他要求朋友幫忙。
- call on 亦可解作「call(訪問)+on(針對)= 拜訪某人」,但 call 作「訪問」解是屬於英式用法,如今已較少單獨使用。若要表示「拜訪」 其後通常必須加上介系詞 on 或 at,有以下兩種用法:「call on + 人」、「call at + 地方」。
 - I'll call on my uncle tomorrow.
 我明天要去拜訪我舅舅。
 - Let's call at his place.
 我們到他家去拜訪。



6 clean out 清理乾淨

clean (清理) + out (完全) = 往外清理乾淨

out 在此雖作「完全」解,但仍具有其方向性,因此 clean out 是指將容器、 地方的髒污或垃圾「向外清理乾淨」。

- Julie hated cleaning out her father's ashtray.
 茱莉討厭清理她爸爸的煙灰缸。
- 以下這幾個和 clean 相關的用語,意思都是「清理乾淨」,但在用法上卻有些 許不同:
 - 1. clean off/down 是指將附在物體上的髒污「刷掉或洗掉」。
 - 2. clean out 是指將容器、地方的髒污或垃圾「向外清理乾淨」。
 - 3. clean up 是指將一個地方「整個清理乾淨」,此外,亦可指用餐前簡單的「梳洗」。
 - 7 put away 收拾好
 put (放) + away (遠離) = 遠離現場擺放
- put away 並不像字面意思只是將東西「遠離現場擺放」,真正的意思是 將東西「收拾好(放回原位)」。
- You have to put away all your toys before you can have dinner.
 - 你必須把你所有玩具都收拾好才能吃晚餐。
- put aside 暫時擱置一旁

get up 起床

可分開片語

get (達到 ······ 狀態) + up (起來) = 站起來;起床

- 「起床」除可用 get up 表示,也可說成 get out of bed。相對地, go to bed 則是「上床睡覺」。
- I go to bed early and I get up early.
 我睡得早也起得早。
- 據說,如果早上起來從與平常相反的一側下床,便會造成一整天心情不好,因此「早上起來心情不好」便可用 get up on the wrong side of the bed = get out of bed on the wrong side 來表示。

g see off 送行

可分開片語

- see (看見) + off (離開) = 目送離開
- 解說 see off 分為自願與強迫兩種,第一種是指到機場、車站等地為親友「送行」,第二種則指強行被警衛等「送走;趕走」,常以「see + 人 + off」的形式出現。
- I saw my parents off at the airport.
 我到機場為父母送行。
- see out 送到門口

一式搞定狄克生片語 Lesson 3 複習測驗

一、選擇題(請選出一個最適當的選項)

1.	It's raining outside	e, so let's	this afternoon.		
	(A) staying inside	(B) stay in	(C) stop by	(D) call on	
	When my friends, I offer them something to drink.				
	(A) stop by	(B) get used to	(C) see me out	(D) stay in	
			I it afte		
	(A) stay in	(B) call on	(C) get used to	(D) stop by	
	My parents often me to clean up my room. (A) call on (B) get used to (C) stay in (D) stop by				
	(A) call on	(B) get used to	(C) stay in	(D) stop by	
=	、翻譯填空				
1.	1. 我清理衣廚發現一封舊的信。				
	I my closet and found an old letter.				
2.	熟練的演員知道如何				
	Skilled actors kno	w how to	t	heir own	<u>_</u> ·
3.	我必須六點起床趕搭				
	I have to	a	t six o'clock to	the bus	to school.
Ξ	、中翻英				
1.	我祖母每當假期結束為我們送行時,總是很難過。				
2.	家人吃完飯後,我們	姊妹必須收拾所有劉	後盤 。		
3	我父母撫養我長大,	讓我成為—個好公E	2 ∘		
٥.	1人人以派及1人以人	殿73/45河 四万 45			

解答請參閱第254頁