



英語高頻字彙 完全攻略

HIGH-FREQUENCY VOCABULARY BUILDER FOR COLLEGE ENTRANCE EXAMS

選字範圍 3000字~5500字 3~5級字彙

嚴選近十年學測高頻率單字。依大考中心「高中英文參考詞彙表」3000~5500選字，符合升大學考試需求，透過閱讀範文認識單字亦可由單字理解範文，雙管齊下！

Unit 4

Cologne: A Cultural Capital

Located on the banks of the Rhine River, Cologne is a tourist destination steeped in history. This ancient city comes highly recommended¹ as an important cultural center.

Cologne was thoroughly rebuilt following World War II, resulting in a unique cityscape². The Old Town, marked by its distinctive architecture³, carries an unmistakable charm. First-time visitors often make a reservation⁴ in this neighborhood⁵ for the duration⁶ of their stay, as it is within walking distance of the river and Cologne's twelve Romanesque⁷ churches.

Art lovers in particular will be fascinated⁸ by Museums Ludwig. Its galleries⁹ host some of the world's finest contemporary¹⁰ art, as well as its enviable¹¹ American Pop Art collection and an impressive Picasso collection.

Overlooking¹² the city is Cologne Cathedral¹³, a massive¹⁴ Gothic masterpiece¹⁵ and UNESCO World Heritage Site. The cathedral was designed and ornate¹⁶ to house the bones of the biblical¹⁷ Wise Men. Cologne cathedral is the most visited landmark in Germany, with 553-step climb up the tower¹⁸ marvels.

After sightseeing, make sure to try some popular meal in Cologne consists of Kölner rye bread served with cheese, butter, and mustard. The meal also includes Mettbrötchen—raw¹⁹ chopped pork onion and Hammel an Asa, translated²⁰ as “sheep on a spit,” which combines mashed²¹ potatoes and apple slices²² accompanied²³ by German blood sausage.

From historical buildings to modern architecture, no wonder that this cultural city in Germany is a must-visit destination.

問題練習 請在下列選項中，選出最適合的單字。

1. Why should first-time visitors to Cologne stay in the Old Town?
(A) It has a popular art scene.
(B) There are many museums there related to World War II.
(C) It is located very close to the river.
(D) Some of the hotels are inside churches.

2. Which place in Cologne is said to offer a great view of the city?
(A) Museums Ludwig
(B) Cologne Cathedral
(C) Kölner beer factory
(D) The Romanesque church

文意學習

35篇範文選材多元，文章長度與主題均符合學測出題模式。

Unit 4

transportation [t̬ræns̬pɔ:t̬r̬eɪʃn̬]

例句：Uta takes public transportation to get to school.

義莎搭乘大眾運輸工具去上學。

transportation	• 交通工具，如火車、公車、捷運等大眾運輸。
traffic	• (馬路上的)交通狀況或流量：交通。There was a lot of traffic on the highway. 公路上的交通流量很大。The traffic in this city is very noisy. 大城市

隨堂練習

提供閱讀測驗、詞彙測驗、克漏字、文意選題等與學測相同的題型，全面戰勝學測！

高頻字彙

收錄 3~5 級字彙，清楚標示每字在學測出現過的年度！詳列不同詞性、定義、相關字詞與重要片語，並比較易混淆用法及延伸補充字首、字尾概念，提供舉一反三的學習有助於迅速累積學測字彙量。

字彙測驗 請利用單字學過的單字，選出正確的答案。

1. Jason _____ that it would take more than ten hours to fly to Australia.
(A) occupied (B) preserved (C) reserved (D) estimated

2. Without her ID card, Tina wouldn't have _____ to her office building.
(A) access (B) intimacy (C) originality (D) occupation

3. It is believed that eagles can spot their _____ from as far as two miles away.
(A) herd (B) prey (C) herd (D) crocodile

Art remained _____ friends throughout their lives.
(A) original (B) intimate (C) accessible

4. maybe, you should sit in the _____ for a few minutes.
(B) shade (C) operation (D) estimate

答案 - 選出正確的答案

The Greeks had a story about the origin of winter. There was a goddess named Demeter, who was the goddess of _____. She made plants grow and become green. One day her daughter _____, and no one knew where she had gone. Demeter _____ all over looking for her daughter. The earth turned brown, and the flowers, _____, and crops would not grow. Demeter realized that if conditions did not get better, all _____ where her daughter was. Another god, Poseidon, suggested that the girl go to her mother if she came back. The months became winter.

LiveABC



The Beauty of Norway

Before traveling to Norway, all I had heard about this high-latitude¹ country was its abundance[◆] of natural resources², how extremely³ difficult it was to travel there on a budget⁴, and, of course, Viking folklore⁵. It wasn't until I broadened⁶ my horizons by visiting Norway that I realized there's much more to tell about this country.

One thing that isn't to be missed is the popular sightseeing⁷ trip “Norway in a Nutshell[◆]. ” This tour, which can be arranged online, lets travelers⁸ take in⁹ magnificent¹⁰ sights. Ferrying¹¹ inland¹² along the fjords[◆], visitors will be amazed by the steep¹³, awe-inspiring¹⁴ cliffs¹⁵ cut out by glaciers¹⁶. Green trees grow on the sides of mountains capped with white snow, where flowing waterfalls can sometimes be spotted. The boats pass by several small, rural¹⁷ villages and farms located on the banks, showing what civilization¹⁸ is like in this isolated¹⁹, heavenly²⁰ world. In a nutshell, the tour will make you see why visiting Norway is worth the expense²¹.

閱讀理解

請在下列選項中，選出最適合的答案。

- ❶ What is “Norway in a Nutshell”?
(A) A museum
(B) A kind of food
(C) A travel plan
(D) A location

- ❷ What does the writer think of Norway after traveling in the country?
(A) It is good value considering the cost.
(B) It costs a lot of money to live there.
(C) It has an exciting history.
(D) It is too cold to live there.



高頻字彙

107 表示該字在學測出現過的年度 107 則為該年度考題的正確選項

1 **latitude** [lætəʊtjud]

n. [C, U] 緯度

Paris and Vancouver share the same **latitude**.

巴黎和溫哥華的緯度相同。

延伸

latitude 為名詞，指「緯度」，-tude 為抽象名詞字尾，大多接在拉丁文的形容詞或分詞之後，其他帶有此字尾的字包括：

- **altitude** [æltəʊtjud] 海拔；高度
- **aptitude** [æptɪtjud] 天資；天賦
- **attitude** [ætɪtjud] 態度
- **gratitude** [grætɪtjud] 感激之情
- **longitude** [lɒndʒɪtjud] 經度

2 **resource** [ri:sɔ:s]

107 n. [C] 資源；財富；財力

100 The workers in the company are its best **resource**.

94 這家公司的員工是它最好的資源。

resourceful adj. 有臨機應變之才的；富智謀的**human resources** 人力資源（簡稱 HR）98 **natural resources** 自然資源**renewable energy resources** 可再生能源3 **extremely** [ɪk'strɪmli]

107 adv. 非常；極度地；極端地

103 Although the movie was **extremely** long, it was still fun to watch.

雖然這部電影非常長，但還是很好看。

99 **extraordinarily** adv. 非常；格外地92 **severely** adv. 嚴重地；嚴苛地4 **budget** [bʌdʒɪt]

104 n. [C] 預算；財政收支狀況

102

99 Their **budget** did not cover the cost of 96 staying in an expensive hotel.

95

90 他們的預算不夠讓他們支付住昂貴旅館的花費。

95 vi./vt. 把……編入預算；詳細規劃

Fiona plans to **budget** carefully this year so she can take a trip through Europe next summer.

費歐娜今年打算仔細編預算，這樣她明年夏天才可以來趟橫跨歐洲之旅。

The manager is very good at **budgeting** his time.

經理非常擅於規劃他的時間。

adj. 預算有限的；價格低廉的

Ted always stays in **budget** hotels to save money.

泰德總是投宿廉價旅店來省錢。

on a (serious/tight) budget 經濟拮据；手頭緊Henry is trying to save up to buy a house, so he is **on a** very **serious budget** right now.

亨利正設法存錢買房子，所以他現在手頭很緊。

stay on budget 控制在預算內；不超出預算To **stay on budget**, we are going to have to cut down on the amount of money we spend on advertising.

為了不超出預算，我們將得縮減廣告經費。

on/under/within budget 在預算之內；沒超出預算Mr. Edwards thanked his team for finishing the project **under budget**.

愛德華茲先生感謝他的團隊在預算內完成了專案。



Chapter 1 Travel

out of / over one's budget 超出某人的預算

That dress is beautiful, but it's a little **out of my budget**.

那件洋裝很美麗，但它的價格有點超出我的預算。

5 folklore [fɔ:klo:r]

98 n. [U] 民間故事；民間傳說

Many of the stories in this book come from the country's **folklore**.

這本書裡的許多故事是根據該國的民間傳說。

6 broaden [brədən]

103 vt./vi. (使)增加；擴大；(使)變寬

101 The company broadened its search to find qualified employees.

該公司擴大了搜尋範圍，以便找到符合資格的員工。

111 broaden one's horizons/knowledge

擴展視野／知識

This job will give you a chance to **broaden your horizons** in the music business.

這份工作會給予你一個在音樂界增廣見聞的機會。

Jill **broadened her knowledge** of Chinese history while in college.

吉兒在大學時增長了對中國歷史的知識。

7 sightseeing [sa:t,si:n]

n. [U] 觀光；遊覽

Jade spent her vacation shopping and **sightseeing**.

小玉把假期時間花在購物和觀光。

111 go sightseeing 觀光

I can't wait to **go sightseeing** once we arrive.

我們一抵達我就等不及要去觀光。

8 traveler [trævələr]

103 97 n. [C] 旅客

94 When Jules worked in a hotel, he met many travelers.

朱爾斯在飯店工作時，遇過許多旅客。

詞 **traveler's check** 旅行支票

107 111 travel vi. 旅行；行進 **vt.** 周遊

9 take in [tek] [In]

v. phr. 參觀；欣賞；觀看

We drove along the coast and **took in** the views.

我們沿著海岸開車，一邊欣賞風景。

延伸

take in 指「觀看；參觀」時，同 **watch** (即本課用法)。**take in** 還有其他含意，列舉如下：

• 吸收；領會

The lecture was so detailed that Kevin could not **take it all in**.

這門課太鉅細靡遺了，凱文沒辦法吸收全部的內容。

• 欺騙 (受詞為人)

All the girls were **taken in** by Roberto's smooth charms.

所有女孩都被羅貝托的迷人風采騙了。

10 magnificent [mæg`nifəsənt]

97 96 adj. 壯觀的；宏偉的

He lives in a **magnificent** house high up in the mountains.

他住在高山上的一處豪宅。

111 magnificence **n. [U]** 壯麗；宏偉

11 ferry [fəri]

103 vi. (船)來往行駛；擺渡

No one could **ferry** to the island that day due to the harsh weather.

因為天候惡劣，那天沒人能夠搭船去那座島。

vt. 運送；（乘渡輪）渡過

They used a helicopter to **ferry** workers to the island.

他們用直升機將工人運送到島上。

n. [C] 渡輪

Ferries run every fifteen minutes to take people across the harbor.

渡輪每十五分鐘一班，載人橫渡港灣。

12 inland [ɪnlænd]

adv. 往內陸地；在內陸地

After spending time at the coast, the tour traveled **inland** to the mountains.

在岸邊玩了一段時間之後，那個旅行團往內陸移動前往山區。

adj. 內陸的

Lake Baikal is the largest **inland** body of water in the world.

貝加爾湖是世界上最大的內陸湖。

13 steep [stip]

adj. 陡峭的；急遽的

Climbing up the **steep** hill tired us out.
爬上陡峭的山丘把我們累壞了。

adj. (價格或要求) 過高的

The company charges a **steep** price for its services.

該公司的服務索價高昂。

vt./vi. 浸泡

You must **steep** your tea well before drinking it.

飲用你的茶之前一定要充分浸泡茶葉。

■ **be steeped in** 充滿著……

The old ruins that were found in the jungle **are steeped in** mystery.

在叢林中發現的古老遺跡籠罩著神秘感。

14 awe-inspiring [əw'ɪn'spaɪrɪŋ]

adj. 令人嘆為觀止的；令人驚嘆的

The view from the top of the mountain was **awe-inspiring**.

山頂上的景色令人嘆為觀止。

反 **awe** n. [U] 讚嘆；敬畏

反 **awesome** adj. 讓人驚嘆的；令人敬畏的

15 cliff [klif]

n. [C] 懸崖；峭壁

We stood on the mountain **cliff** and looked down at the sea.

我們站在山崖上俯瞰海景。

反 **cliffhanger** n. [C] 緊張懸疑的連續劇（或電影等）

16 glacier [gleʃə]

103 n. [C] 冰河；冰川

97

Thousands of years ago, Canada was covered by **glaciers**.

加拿大幾千年前被冰河覆蓋。

17 rural [rʊrəl]

107 adj. 鄉村的；郊區的

105

92 The **rural** area did not have many stores, but the air was clean and the people were friendly.

這個鄉村地區沒有很多商店，但是空氣很乾淨且人們很和善。

反 **urban** adj. 城市的

18 civilization [sɪvɪlɪə'zeʃən]

98 n. [U] 文明；文明地區 [C, U] 文明社會

93

Jacob read a book about the ancient Egyptian **civilization**.

雅各讀了一本關於古埃及文明的書。

反 **civilize** vt. 教化；使文明

反 **civilized** adj. 文明的；有教養的

反 **civilian** n. [C] 平民；百姓



Chapter 1 Travel

19 isolated [aɪsə'leɪtɪd]

107 **adj.** 孤立的；偏僻的

99 92 Because Vince didn't understand the language, he often felt **isolated**.
因為文斯不懂這個語言，他常覺得被孤立。

105 **isolate** *vt.* 使與世隔絕；使孤立隔離

105 **isolation** *n. [U]* 孤立無援；孤獨

20 heavenly [hɛvənli]

adj. 令人愉悅；美好的；天堂的

Two weeks in Tahiti sounds **heavenly**.

在大溪地待兩個星期聽起來非常美好。

heavenly body 天體；星體（用於天文學或氣象學等領域）

heaven *n. [U]* 天堂；極樂世界

21 expense [ɪk'spəns]

106 **n. [C, U]** 花費；支出

96 95 The **expense** of a first-class ticket is too high for me.

頭等艙的票價費用對我來說太高了。

單字填空

請利用本單元學過的單字，完成下列句子。

- 1 Jane was scared of heights and would not go near the edge of the c f.
- 2 The road was too s p for the scooter to drive up.
- 3 The general had three trucks f y his soldiers to the front.
- 4 Paul wanted to take the slow train so he could t n the view from the window.
- 5 Around thirty degrees north l e, a strong wind blows across the Pacific.

at the expense of 以……為代價

Wendy got her promotion **at the expense of** her former supervisor.

溫蒂獲得升遷，而她的前主管則遭到撤換。

at sb.'s expense 拿某人開玩笑

My wife had a good laugh **at my expense** when I tripped over the cat.

我太太拿我被貓絆倒的事來嘲笑我。

107 **expensive** *adj.* 昂貴的

參考詞彙

abundance [ə'bʌndəns] *n. [U]* 豐富；充足

in a nutshell [ɪn] [ə] [nʌtʃəl] *phr.* 簡言之；概括來說

fjord [fɪ'ɔrd] *n. [C]* 峽灣

【克漏字測驗】

請根據文意，選出正確的答案。

Alaska is one of the most ① _____ areas of North America, yet travelers continue to want to visit to take in the awe-inspiring landscape. It's true that ② _____ in Alaska can be a bit of a challenge due to its immense size, the vast areas of wild land that can't be reached by road, and the expense of getting there. However, those who have made the trip say it is an extremely unforgettable experience. Alaska is home to relatively few people, but does contain many species of animals and birds, including bears and eagles. The landscape is ③ _____, with open plains, mighty cliffs and mountains, and around 100,000 glaciers. If you decide to visit, you can also ④ _____ your knowledge of Alaska's native civilizations by visiting one of the 229 tribes that still exist in Alaska. If you can stretch your ⑤ _____ to visit this heavenly place, there has never been a better time to go.

① (A) inland	(B) isolated	(C) steep	(D) resourceful
② (A) folklore	(B) travelers	(C) sightseeing	(D) glaciers
③ (A) urban	(B) civilized	(C) expensive	(D) magnificent
④ (A) steep	(B) isolate	(C) broaden	(D) ferry
⑤ (A) budget	(B) longitude	(C) latitude	(D) civilization



Protecting Africa's Beauty

Kruger National Park, in operation¹ since 1927, is South Africa's oldest national park. Almost two-thirds the size of Taiwan, it is estimated² that 300,000 animals, predators³ and prey⁴ alike, occupy⁵ the park. Some one million tourists access⁶ the park every year to take an intimate⁷ look at nature in its original⁸ condition.

Kruger Park is a safe and wonderful place to hike⁹ and get a little taste of wild Africa—as long as you don't go wandering¹⁰ off alone. There are many large animals hiding in the bushes¹¹. There is the possibility of seeing a crocodile¹² floating in the water, a herd¹³ of hippos lying in the shade¹⁴, porcupine gnawing¹⁵ on bones, or one of the Big Five mammals¹⁶—elephant, rhino, buffalo, lion, and leopard.

The park acts as a reserve¹⁷ to protect these beautiful animals from mankind¹⁸. Hunting on the grounds is strictly forbidden¹⁹. More than hunting, the spread of agriculture²⁰ has destroyed their natural homes. Only by carefully protecting these animals will we keep them from vanishing²¹ completely.

閱讀理解

請在下列選項中，選出最適合的答案。

- ① Why was Kruger National Park established?
 - (A) To protect the Big Five from other animals
 - (B) So zoo animals could live in the wild
 - (C) Because the animals needed protection from humans
 - (D) So people had a better place to hunt wild animals

- ② What best summarizes the article?
 - (A) South Africa protects its wild animals from humans.
 - (B) Kruger National Park is South Africa's oldest park.
 - (C) Many animals live in Kruger National Park.
 - (D) Thanks to Kruger National Park, animals will not vanish completely.

1 **operation** [əpə'refən]104 **n. [U]** 運作

103

100 After three months of preparation, it was time to put the plan into **operation**.

經過三個月的準備，是把計畫付諸實行的時候了。

n. [C] 手術

She made the courageous decision to have the **operation**.

她做了勇敢的決定要接受手術。

n. [C] 活動；營運

As it is losing money, the company plans to shut down its overseas **operations**.

這家公司因為虧錢，打算關閉海外公司的營運。

99 **片 in operation** 運作中；施行中In Europe, most trains are very modern, but some really old ones are still **in operation**.

在歐洲，大部分的火車都很現代，但有些非常古老的火車也還在運作中。

衍 **operate** *vt./vi.* 操作；運作衍 **operational** *adj.* 操作上的2 **estimate**105 [ˈestə,met] *vt.* 估計；估價

104

102 Police **estimated** that over a million 98 people joined the protest.

91 警方估計超過一百萬人參加抗議活動。

95

[ˈestəmɪt] *n. [C]* 估計；估算；估價Bill asked the plumber to give him an **estimate** for the bathroom repair.

比爾要求水管工人給他修繕浴室的估價。

99 衍 **estimated** *adj.* 估計的；大約的衍 **underestimate** *vt.* 低估；小看衍 **overestimate** *vt.* 高估；對……評價過高3 **predator** [prɛdətə]102 **n. [C]** 猎食動物；掠奪者

93

Nesting high on the cliff wall, the birds were safe from dangerous **predators**.

這群鳥在懸崖高處築巢，得以免受危險掠食者的威脅。

詞 **apex predator** 食物鏈頂端的動物（如鯊魚）4 **prey** [preɪ]106 **n. [U]** 被捕食的獵物；傷害的對象

93

Many of the small animals on the island are **prey** for the large snakes.

這座島上許多小動物都是這種大型蛇類的獵物。

片 **fall prey to** 成為……的犧牲品；受到……控制She **fell prey to** an online scam.

她成了一起網路詐騙的受害者。

5 **occupy** [ək'jɔ:pai]107 *vt.* 占領；占用

106

104 The army **occupies** large parts of the 101 region.

軍隊占領這個地區大部分的地方。

Lucy's toys **occupy** most of the shelves in her closet.

露西的玩具占據了她櫃子裡大部分的層架。

片 **occupy one's attention** 占據某人的心思This problem has been **occupying my attention** all afternoon.

我一整個下午都在思考這個問題。

97 衍 **occupation** *n. [U]* 占據；占用 *[C]* 職業6 **access** [æk'ses]103 *vt.* 進入；接近

99

93 You will need a special card to **access** this part of the building.

你必須有一張特殊卡片才能進入此建築的這個區域。



Chapter 1 Travel

106 **vt.** 存取（電腦的檔案）；使用

103 99 I can't **access** my files at work because my Internet connection is down.

我沒有辦法取得工作上需要的檔案，因為我的電腦連線故障了。

Only students and teachers can **access** books in the school's library.

只有學生和老師可以使用學校圖書館的書籍。

103 **n. [U]** 進入（權）；通道；查詢（或使用）

93 的機會；權利

If you want **access** to the hotel's pool, you have to get a key at the front desk. 如果你想要去飯店的游泳池，你必須跟櫃台人員拿鑰匙。

107 **have access to + N.** 能夠使用（某事物）

Donald's apartment is special because it is the only one in the building that **has access to** the roof.

唐諾的公寓很特別，因為它是這棟建築物裡唯一一間能夠通往屋頂的。

衍 **accessible adj.** 易使用的；易接近的

衍 **inaccessible adj.** 難以理解的；難接近的

7 **intimate** [ɪntəmɪt]

104 **adj.** 親密的；私下的

97 I threw a small party and only invited a few **intimate** friends.

我辦了一個小派對，只邀請一些親密的朋友。

92 衍 **intimately adv.** 熟悉地；親密地

衍 **intimacy n. [U]** 親密；親近

8 **original** [ə'rɪdʒənl]

104 **adj.** 原始的；最初的；原創的

102 101 This is a copy. Where is the **original** document?

91 90 這是影印本。原始文件在哪裡？

比較

original	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • (在行為上或想法上) 創新的；獨特新穎的；有獨創性的 • 原初的；原來的 <p>Maxine's original ideas distinguished her from the rest of the fashion industry. 瑪辛匠心獨具的點子讓她跟其他時尚業人士不同。</p> <p>We had to cancel our original plans due to the weather. 由於天候問題，我們必須取消我們原本的計畫。</p>
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • (對新事物或新點子) 有創意的 • (人) 有創造力的 (= inventive) <p>Brenda's story is short, but still very creative. 布蘭達的故事很短，卻很有創意。</p> <p>Stan had a vivid imagination and was a very creative writer. 史坦有生動的想像力，而且是個很有創造力的作家。</p>
novel	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • (尤指概念或想法上) 新奇的；新穎的；不同尋常的 • 通常置於名詞前 <p>Martin takes a novel approach to almost everything he does. 馬汀幾乎做任何事都有新穎的做法。</p>

衍 **originality n. [U]** 創造性；獨創性

9 **hike** [haɪk]

106 91 **vi./vt.** 徒步旅行

We were **hiking** in the forest and saw some deer.

我們在森林裡徒步旅行，看到了一些鹿。

vt. 使……大幅增加

The store **hiked** up their prices because they couldn't pay the rent.

那家商店因為付不起店租而大幅提高售價。

n. [C] 徒步旅行

The **hikes** we took this summer were very difficult.

我們今年夏天的徒步旅行很艱辛。

衍 **hiker n. [C]** 登山者；健行者