

一本搞定統測英文必考五大題型，
掌握命題趨勢與得分關鍵！



掃描 QR code
聆聽，另提供
MP3 線上下載

統測總複習 考前16週 完全攻略

6大得分關鍵

- 1 精選歷屆高頻單字片語，搭配考古題立即驗收學習成效。
- 2 歸納常考對話情境，強化應答理解力。
- 3 圖表整理文法重點，迅速熟悉句型並釐清觀念。
- 4 融合所學重點編撰克漏字＋閱讀測驗，提升應試能力。
- 5 編寫符合大考趨勢的非選擇題，訓練寫作能力。
- 6 全書四回擬真模擬測驗，有效累積實戰作答經驗。



LiveABC

英語數位學習第一品牌

Week 1

Part A 字彙 & 片語 Vocabulary and Phrases

字彙 Vocabulary

Track 01

1 **appear** [əˈpiə] v. 出現

108 96

- Johnny **appeared** on television last night.
強尼昨晚出現在電視上。

④ **appearance** *n.* 外貌；外觀 100 98

④ **vanish** *v.* 消失 101 98 97

④ **disappear** *v.* 消失 105 98

The girl you like is going to be at the party, so you may want to clean up your **appearance**.

你喜歡的那個女孩會來參加派對，所以你可能會想把外表打理整齊。

The rabbit **disappeared** into the woods.

那隻兔子消失在樹林裡。

The entire plate of cookies **vanished** in less than an hour, but I didn't get a single one.

整盤餅乾不到一小時就消失了，但我一片都沒吃到。

2 **attention** [əˈtenʃən] *n.* 注意；留意

107 106 104 103 102 99 97 95

- The teacher got her students' **attention** by clapping her hands.
那位老師拍手引起學生的注意力。

④ **pay attention (to sb./sth.)** 注意、關注 (某人／物) 106 97 95

Barney never **pays much attention to** his brother, Clint.

巴尼從未放太多注意力在弟弟克林特身上。

3 **available** [əˈveɪəbəl] *adj.* 可用的；有空的

107 102 99

- There's only one room **available** at this hotel.
這間旅館只剩下一間空房。
- Rick isn't **available** to drive me to the train station, so I'll have to take a taxi.
瑞克沒空載我去火車站，所以我必須搭計程車。

④ **availability** *n.* 可獲得性；可用性 102

Exercise

- 108 _____ 1. Emily enjoys trying different things and traveling to different places, for she believes that _____ is the spice of life.
(A) quarrel (B) variety (C) wagon (D) zipper
- 99 _____ 2. More and more students _____ that with a good knowledge of English, they will have more opportunities to find a good job.
(A) delay (B) launch (C) realize (D) bother
- 102 _____ 3. I sometimes order products online to save money and time _____ going to a store and buying what I am looking for.
(A) instead of (B) inclusive of (C) in sense of (D) in spite of
- 104 _____ 4. My parents are really _____ to me. They have always supported me in whatever I have wanted to do.
(A) changeable (B) doubtful (C) medical (D) precious
- 94 _____ 5. For over 2000 years, paper has been used as a major tool of communication; however, e-mail today has become a _____ practice.
(A) common (B) difficult (C) last (D) traditional
- 106 _____ 6. When you use your _____, a book can become so interesting that you can find it difficult to stop reading it.
(A) image (B) imagination (C) imagine (D) imagining
- 102 _____ 7. May's mother made a quick _____ from her sickness after taking the medicine.
(A) recovery (B) emotion (C) religion (D) energy
- 95 _____ 8. After four attempts, Mike finally passed his driving test and started to drive happily to work right away.
(A) obviously (B) apparently (C) immediately (D) eventually
- 100 _____ 9. After sharing an apartment with a friend for two years, you should be able to recognize him by his voice.
(A) reveal (B) identify (C) allow (D) disturb
- 95 _____ 10. You've used up all the excuses. Can't you come up with a better one?
(A) watch out (B) go after (C) live with (D) think of

Part B 對話 Conversations



Week 1

常見電話用語

Track 03

打電話找人	接電話時
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • May I speak to Mark? 可以請馬克聽電話嗎？ • Hello. Is Emily there? 哈囉。艾蜜莉在嗎？ • (Could I talk to) Kathy, please? 麻煩你，我要找凱西。 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Hi. This is Paul. / Hi. Paul speaking. 嗨，我是保羅。 • Hello. Whiteman residence. 喂，這裡是懷特曼家。 • Who's calling, please? / May I ask who's calling? / Who's this? 請問哪裡找？
請對方稍等	對方要找的人無法接聽電話時
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Just a minute/second, please. / One moment please. 請稍等一下。 • Could you wait just a moment, please? 請稍等一下。 • Please hold for a moment while I put you through. 請您稍等，我幫您轉接。 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • He/She is not in now. 他／她現在不在。 • He/She can't come to the phone right now. 他／她現在不方便接電話。 • He/She is tied up at the moment. 他／她現在正在忙。
打錯電話時	留言／記下留言
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • I'm sorry. You have the wrong number. 不好意思。你打錯了。 • There's no one named Lisa here. 這裡沒有叫麗莎的人。 • Sorry. I think you should check the number again. 抱歉。我想你得再確認一下號碼。 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • May I leave a message? 我可以留言嗎？ • May I take a/your message? 需要幫你留言嗎？ • Would you like to leave your name and number? I'll have him/her call you back. 你要不要留下姓名和電話？我會請他／她回電。

統測對話範例 98

Track 04

- Secretary:** Good morning, XYZ Company. May I help you?
早安，這裡是 XYZ 公司。有什麼我能協助您的嗎？
- Mr. Clinton:** Yes. Is Mr. Bush there?
有的。請問布希先生在嗎？
- Secretary:** He is not in now. May I take your message?
他現在不在。需要幫您留言嗎？
- Mr. Clinton:** Yes, please. This is Bill Clinton. Please tell Mr. Bush to call me back. My phone number is 361-6599.
好的，麻煩你。我是比爾·柯林頓。請告知布希先生要回電給我。我的電話號碼是 361-6599。



Exercise

- _____ 1. Secretary: Mr. Hubbard's office. May I help you?
 931 Client: Yes, I'd like to speak to Mr. James, please.
 Secretary: _____
 Client: This is Mrs. Stone from Sandhill.
 (A) Who is calling, please?
 (B) May I ask what this call is about?
 (C) How did you find us?
 (D) Where are you going?
- _____ 2. Operator: Hello. This is *Fashion Magazine*. How may I help you?
 934 Nick: Good morning. It's Nick, the designer from XYZ Company.

 Operator: Just a moment. I'll put you through.
 (A) Could you call back?
 (B) May I speak to the manager?
 (C) Can you hold for a minute?
 (D) Could I leave a message?
- _____ 3. Secretary: Good morning, Johnson's Computers.
 94 Peter: Hello. May I speak to Mr. Chen, please?
 Secretary: I'm sorry. He's not in right now. _____
 Peter: Yes. This is Peter Li. Please tell him to call me back.
 (A) He's always busy. (B) What's your name?
 (C) It's a pity. (D) May I take a message?
- _____ 4. Operator: City Hall. How may I direct your call?
 936 改 Citizen: _____
 Operator: And the reason for your call?
 Citizen: Well, the park in our neighborhood looks terrible. I mean,
 there's litter everywhere and nobody has picked it up.
 Operator: I see. One moment please.
 (A) I'd like to speak to Environmental Services, please.
 (B) Yes, you may direct the problem to our department.
 (C) Read it before you hand it in to the director, please.
 (D) Please turn right at the next corner to find the center.

Part C 文法重點 Grammar

時態總整理：簡單式／進行式／完成式

簡單式



現在簡單式	句型：主詞 + V (當主詞是第三人稱單數時，動詞須用單數動詞)
描述現在的狀態	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Mark looks very tired. 馬克看起來很累。
描述固定的、習慣性的行為	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Julia always comes to work on time. 茱莉亞總是準時上班。
描述一般事實或不變的真理	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Water freezes at zero degrees. 水在零度時結凍。

過去簡單式	句型：主詞 + V-ed
Note 常搭配的時間副詞：yesterday、last week、two months ago 等。	
過去的動作或事實	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Rose went to eight weddings <u>last year</u>! 蘿絲去年參加了八場婚禮！ Columbus discovered the New World <u>in 1492</u>. 哥倫布在一四九二年發現了新大陸。

未來簡單式	句型：主詞 + will + 原形動詞 = 主詞 + be going to + 原形動詞
Note 常搭配的時間副詞：tomorrow、later、in five minutes、next week/month/year 等。	
即將發生於未來時間的事件與狀態	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Lisa will go back to the doctor <u>in three days</u>. 麗莎三天後要回診。 I am going to buy a new computer. 我打算買台新電腦。

Exercise

- _____ 1. According to some historians, putting candles on the cake _____ in
⑩ Ancient Greece.
(A) begin
(B) began
(C) begun
(D) beginning
- _____ 2. The use of digital cameras, cell phones, or webcams _____ it even
⑩ easier for anyone to become a reporter.
(A) is made
(B) make
(C) has made
(D) have made
- _____ 3. Life continues at the convenience store whether it be day or night,
⑩ 改 making the store a symbol for the city that never _____.
(A) sleep
(B) had slept
(C) slept
(D) sleeps

Part D 克漏字 Cloze

Many of us throw away the food we can't eat without paying much **attention**. **In fact**, when we throw away food, we are contributing to a **surprisingly** serious global issue. It's hard to (1) , but we actually throw away around one-third of all the food we **produce**. Wasted food could have been (2) to feed the poor. **In addition**, food loss is wasting the Earth's resources. Many countries have decided to **come up with** solutions to the problem. Germany (3) better packaging so that people can see if the **product** still **appears** to be in a good state to be eaten. France has **banned** supermarkets from throwing away unsold food. Taiwan and Japan are **making sure** that food waste goes to livestock. Within a few years, other countries (4) their own solutions to the problem. In the meantime, we should (5) each other not to buy too much food. Moreover, in restaurants, don't leave food on your plate—take it home **instead**.

_____ 1. (A) remodel
(C) appear

(B) refuse
(D) imagine

_____ 2. (A) use
(C) used

(B) using
(D) uses

_____ 3. (A) will be introducing
(C) has introducing

(B) will have introducing
(D) have introducing

_____ 4. (A) will finding
(C) will have found

(B) have found
(D) are finding

_____ 5. (A) describe
(C) introduce

(B) encourage
(D) produce

Part E 閱讀測驗 Reading Comprehension

For centuries, humans have had a very special **relationship** with dogs. Known as “man’s best friend,” dogs seem to have a **unique** bond with us. **In addition to** being much-loved pets, dogs have fulfilled **various** roles for many years, such as being **involved** in search and rescue missions, as well as helping disabled people to live a normal life.

More recently, people have **come up with** a new role for dogs. People in hospital or in nursing homes for the elderly often **appear** sad or lonely. They have little to do and not much to focus their **attention** on. However, in some hospitals and care homes, patients and residents can now **look forward to** regular visits from friendly dogs. When the dogs are visiting, people can play with them and pet them. The positive effect of these visits can be seen **immediately**. People’s **emotions** improve and **suddenly** the atmosphere changes, with everyone feeling happier and more relaxed. **In fact**, people who work in these places have **realized** that sometimes the dogs are better at improving well-being than the staff! Most people who have witnessed these interactions with therapy dogs have **recognized** that the dogs **encourage** positive feelings in people and can, on **occasion**, even aid **recovery** from illness. This is yet more proof that dogs are especially **valuable** companions to us humans.

Part F 非選擇題 Non-Multiple-Choice Questions

I. 填充

席拉參加很多不同的運動項目，但她最拿手的是足球。

Sheila is i _____ in v _____ sports, but she is best at soccer.

II. 句子重組

are playing / watching TV / Theo and his family / instead of / a board game

III. 中譯英

水是珍貴的資源，所以不要浪費它。