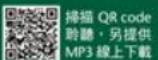


最新題型

一步一步搞懂頭痛的多益文法， 讓你解題快又準！



專攻NEW TOEIC 文法解題秘技

增修版

The Grammar Guidebook for the New **TOEIC**

12大單元，**詞性、時態、介系詞**等重要文法一本搞定！

專攻多益常考文法概念，幫助讀者融會貫通，迅速掌握重要觀念，準確答題並破解易混淆陷阱題，不再受時間壓迫所苦，冷靜應考拿高分！

| | |
|-----------|------------|
| Part 1 | Part 2 |
| 1. 电子琴的琴键 | 2. 电子琴的音量 |
| 3. 电子琴的音色 | 4. 电子琴的伴奏 |
| 5. 电子琴的节奏 | 6. 电子琴的和弦 |
| 7. 电子琴的编曲 | 8. 电子琴的录音 |
| 9. 电子琴的连接 | 10. 电子琴的保养 |

題型範例 + 答題訣竅

Incomplete Sentences

A word or phrase is missing in each of the sentences below. Select the best answer to complete the sentence.

隨堂測驗 + 模擬試題
反射性答題快速又精準！

表格講解 + 條列重點

LiveABC
英語數位學習第一品牌

重點提醒

詞性變化為新多益 Part 5 與 Part 6 最常考的重點之一，屬於不用看完整句即可作答的題型。現在就跟著我們的學習步驟讓你四招見效！

Step 1

有關詞性變化的題目會怎麼出呢？我們先來看看出現頻率最高的考題：

▼解題秘技 觀察句構與空格前後字組

1

The great thing about a digital keyboard is it allows your cell phone to have a bigger screen, yet it maintains all the _____ of a physical keyboard.

解
析

數位鍵盤的好處是，它能使你的手機保有較大的螢幕，然而卻維持所有實體鍵盤的功能。

(A) 功能性的（形容詞） (B) 運轉：工作（現在分詞／動名詞）
(C) 功能（名詞） (D) 具功能性地（副詞）

空格前方為定冠詞 **the**，後方為介系詞 **of**，可判斷空格處須填入名詞，故選 (C)。

2

Claire wants to work for the _____ industry because she enjoys being an actress and wants to be in movies.

解
析

克萊兒想進娛樂產業工作，因為她喜歡當演員而且想拍電影。

(A) 有娛樂效果的（形容詞） (B) 娛樂（過去式／過去分詞）
(C) 娛樂（名詞） (D) 娛樂（原形動詞）

空格前方為冠詞 the，後方為名詞 industry，可判斷空格須填名詞或形容詞來修飾 industry。依照句意判斷，空格處表示「娛樂」產業，故選 (C) entertainment。(A) entertaining (adj.) 指「有娛樂效果的」，填入此處與整體句意不合，故非正解。

Step 2

熟悉了有關時態的考題之後，先來學習英語時態中最基礎的概念：「簡單式」。請看以下圖表：



1.1 現在簡單式用於以下情況：

現在簡單式 **V.** **V-s / V-es / V-ies** (第三人稱單數)

說明

常搭配使用的時間副詞或詞彙有：always, usually, often, sometimes, seldom, never, every day / week, on the weekend。

敘述「現在的事實或狀況、現在的心理狀態」

I **love** the smell of fresh mangoes.

我喜歡新鮮芒果的味道。

Mr. Chen **looks** very tired.

陳先生看起來很累。

Joseph **wishes** that his mother would listen to him.

喬瑟夫希望他媽媽會聽他的意見。

表「感受」的動詞如 want, like, love, hate, wish 等要用現在簡單式，不可用現在進行式。

敘述「固定的、習慣性的行為」

Michelle often **parties** on the weekend.

米雪兒週末時經常去參加派對。

敘述「一般的事實、不變的真理、格言、諺語」

Water **freezes** at zero degrees.

水在零度時結凍。

敘述「未來會發生的事，但現在已預定或安排好了」

The meeting **starts** in twenty minutes.

會議在二十分鐘後開始。

2.4 進行式的被動語態

be 動詞 + **being** + **過去分詞 (p.p.)**

現在進行式 **am / is / are** + **being** + **p.p.**

The show **is being watched** by millions of people around the world.
這場表演正被全球各地數百萬人觀賞著。

過去進行式 **was / were** + **being** + **p.p.**

The children **were being scolded** by their parents when the visitor arrived.
這位訪客到達時，這些孩子正被父母教訓著。

說明

雖然各種主動語態的時式基本上都可改成被動語態，不過未來進行式以及完成進行式的被動語態很少見，故不予以列出。

Quiz 請根據提示填入適當的動詞時態。

1. The meals _____ by members of the kitchen staff at the restaurant right now. (*prepare*)
2. The pain in my back _____ me; I'm going to see a doctor. (*kill*)
3. John came in while I _____ TV. (*watch*)
4. Up to this Friday, the movie theater _____ tickets at half off the regular price. (*offer*)

Incomplete Sentences

A word or phrase is missing in each of the sentences below. Select the best answer to complete the sentence.

() 1. It's extremely important that the serial number of the silver laptop not -----.
(A) forgetting (B) forgot
(C) to forget (D) be forgotten

() 2. Professor Franklin, ----- opinion I greatly respect, told me that it's crucial to travel while I'm still young.
(A) whom (B) which
(C) who (D) whose

() 3. I want you in the boardroom to help me negotiate the bid that our rival firm -----.
(A) submit (B) to submit
(C) submitted (D) submitting

() 4. The company's CEO has ----- tendencies that hurt both himself and the organization as a whole.
(A) destroy (B) destroyed
(C) destruction (D) destructive

() 5. Although she likes them well enough, Emma isn't sure that it's ----- to hire four new full-time employees when the department already has ten.
(A) logical (B) logic
(C) logician (D) logically

() 6. They couldn't afford to go to a doctor if they weren't ----- by their employers.
(A) insurance (B) insured
(C) insuring (D) insure

Questions 29-32 refer to the following article.

Although it may seem counterproductive, an hour of exercise a day may allow you to accomplish more than if you had ---29--- sat for that hour and continued trying to get work done. According to many medical and psychological studies, the effects of exercise on one's mental capacity are beneficial and numerous. For one, exercise reduces stress and causes your ---30--- to release endorphins (chemicals which make you happy) and dopamine (a "reward" chemical which usually comes from doing something pleasurable).

---31--- Working out has even been shown to help protect against neurological diseases such as Alzheimer's. So the next time you're feeling uninspired or ---32--- down, take some time (an hour or so) to run, do some push-ups, or tone that stomach.

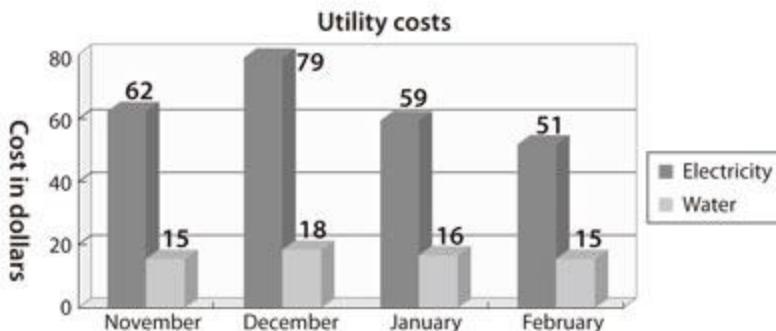
NEW TOEIC MODEL TEST

1.



2.





68. Why is the office cold?

(A) The heater is broken. (B) The boss is trying to save money.
 (C) That's how the employees like it. (D) There is only one heater.

69. What suggestion did the woman make?

(A) Wait until spring (B) Talk with the boss
 (C) Put on another jacket (D) Take some time off

70. Look at the graphic. Which month is this conversation taking place?

(A) November (B) December
 (C) January (D) February

PART 4

Directions: You will hear some talks given by a single speaker. You will be asked to answer three questions about what the speaker says in each talk. Select the best response to each question and mark the letter (A), (B), (C), or (D) on your answer sheet. The talks will not be printed in your test book and will be spoken only one time.

71. Where would you expect to hear this announcement?

(A) In a department store (B) In a grocery store
 (C) On an airplane (D) At a sporting event

72. What is the problem?

(A) There isn't enough food. (B) There is a thunderstorm ahead.
 (C) A person is injured. (D) The toilet is broken.

73. Where is the speaker's destination?

(A) Atlanta (B) Washington D.C.
 (C) Chicago (D) Detroit